Progression of Korean American Ethnic Studies Teaching Resource Materials Development

Grace Cho, Ph.D. Professor, Secondary Education Department California State University, Fullerton

Overview

- * What happened in California about Ethnic Studies?
- Ethnic Studies Values and Principles incorporated in this Teaching Resource Materials
- Suggestions on How Ethnic Studies can be taught in K-12 classrooms
- * Sample Core Competencies for the Ethnic Studies Requirement at CSU
- Progression of this Korean American Ethnic Studies
 Curriculum Development
- Contents of Korean American Ethnic Studies Teaching Resources for K-12

What happened in California about Ethnic Studies?

- * **AB 1460:** approved by the *Governor Newsom* on **Aug 17, 2020**, requires each of 23 CSU (California State University) campus to offer courses in ethnic studies as a graduation requirement.
 - Students graduating in 2024-25 and beyond shall take at minimum, one 3-unit course in ethnic studies as an undergraduate graduation requirement.
- The *California State Board of Education* approved K-12 Ethnic
 <u>Studies Model Curriculum</u> on March 18, 2021.
- AB 101: California becomes 1st state to require ethnic studies for graduation from high school when Governor signed the bill on Oct 8, 2021.
 - Public high schools **must begin offering** semester-long ethnic studies courses with the graduating class of **2029-30** school year.
 - Schools will still be able to **locally develop** their own plan.

Ethnic Studies Values and Principles incorporated in this Teaching Resource Materials

What is Ethnic Studies?

- Ethnic studies is "the *critical* and *interdisciplinary study of race, ethnicity*, and *indigeneity* with a focus on the experiences & perspectives of people of color within and beyond the U.S." (UC Berkeley)

Why teach Ethnic Studies in K-12 classrooms?

- Allows students to "grapple with **multiple perspectives**" and "produces a **higher level of thinking**." (Christine Sleeter)
- Address racialized experiences & ethnic differences yet build greater understanding & communication across ethnic differences.
- **Empower all students** (especially marginalized/voiceless groups) to engage socially and politically to **think critically** about the world around them.
- Prepare students to have a bigger worldview and be able to articulate,
 challenge systems & ideologies that are not inclusive of all people (i.e., the struggle of communities of color, challenge racism, discrimination, and oppression: celebrate contributions of diverse groups.

Suggestions on How Ethnic Studies can be taught in K-12 Classrooms

"Ethnic Studies highlights the **importance of untold stories** and emphasizes the **danger of a single story**."

(Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie–Nigerian writer)

- Focus on how each ethnic community has its own unique history, struggles, and contributions, which should be taught, understood, and celebrated.
- Emphasize how "Diversity & diverse perspectives within an ethnic group" should be taught to avoid reducing a group to a single story and strengthen our understanding of <u>diversity</u>, equity, and justice.
- Treat students as intellectuals, critical questioners/thinkers
- Connect with other ethnic groups and use community responsive pedagogy that addresses community needs and issues.

Sample Core Competencies for the Ethnic Studies Requirements

Ethnic Studies is...

- An **interdisciplinary and comparative study of race and ethnicity** with a special focus on 4 historically defined racialized core groups: *Native Americans, African Americans, Asian Americans, and Latina & Latino Americans.*
- **Intent of the Legislature:** CSU students "acquire the knowledge and skills that will help them comprehend the **diversity and social justice history** of the U.S. and of the society in which they live to enable them to contribute to that society as responsible and constructive citizens." (ED Code: 89032)

Core competencies for the ES requirement (CHS Dept. Curriculum & Assessment Committee, 2021)

- *Analyze and articulate* concepts such as **race**, **racism**, **ethnicity**, **ethnocentrism**, **eurocentrism**, **white supremacy**, **decolonization**, **anti-racism** as analyzed in the 4 ES.
- *Apply* theory and knowledge produced by 4 ES group communities to describe the **critical events**, **histories**, **cultures**, **contributions**, **lived experiences**, **and social struggles** of those groups.
- *Critically analyze* the **intersection of race & racism** as they relate to class, gender, sexuality, religion...etc.
- *explain and assess* how **struggle, resistance, racial & social justice, solidarity & liberation** are relevant to current and structural issues
- *Describe and actively engage* with anti-racist and anti-colonial issues and the practices and movements in 4 core ethnic communities to build a just and equitable society.

CSU Ethnic Studies course is approved for *General Education* breadth.

Progression of this Korean American Ethnic Studies Curriculum Development (Sample lesson #7)

Korean Ethnic Studies Model Curriculum	Supplementary Curriculum	Teacher Resource materials (Edited by Dr. Grace Cho & Dr. Vikki Costa)
ESMC Sample Lesson 21:	Supplementary Curriculum: Developed by Dr. Grace	 Lesson 7: Saigu and Social Justice Teacher's Guide (lesson features, lesson
Korean American Experiences and Interethnic Relations (Developed by: Dr. Edward Chang)	<section-header></section-header>	 overview, content standards, learning objectives, vocabulary, resources) Presentation PPT Activity 7.1: A Cry for Justice (Timeline, T-chart) Activity 7.2: Experiences of Korean Americans during the 1992 LA Civil Unrest (video activity, website analysis, additional reference) Activity 7.3: The Legacy of Saigu (newspaper articles) Assessments (Causes and Effects of teh 1992 LA Civil Unrest)

Korean American Ethnic Studies: Curriculum & Teaching Resources for K-12 Classrooms (Contents for the first edition)

- Lesson 1: The Korean Diaspora and Korean Americans
- Lesson 2: Early Korean Immigrants and the Legacy of *Dosan Ahn Chang Ho*
- Lesson 3: Immigrant Experiences of Korean Americans: Dr. Sammy Lee's Story
- Lesson 4: The Korean Independence Movement
- Lesson 5: Young Oak Kim: Hero and Humanitarian
- Lesson 6: Aftermath of the Korean War and Korean Transnational Adoptions
- Lesson 7: Saigu and Social Justice
- Lesson 8: Korean Americans in the 21st Century

[Sponsored by: Consulate General of the Republic of Korea in Los Angeles]